By DEEMS TAYLOR



UST how long he had been there I don't know. The subway train was just pulling out of 145th Street when I glanced up from my paper and noticed him sitting opposite me. I shuddered, and looked away hastily, reopened the paper and plunged resolutely into the business troubles. But it was no use. That one fleeting glance had been sufficient to bow my shoulders with care. I was face to face with a great problem, and I would know no peace until I hall solved it.

Had I or had I not met that man before? I was sure I had, but where? I stole another look, and my heart sank. Yes, whoever he was, he was some one I knew, and before long I was going to be sitting beside him, desperately trying to think of something to say.

I don't know why, whenever I see a man in the middle distance whom I know, or fear that I know, I should have an irresistible impulse to sit down beside him and talk to him. But I do, always. When I was very young, too young to be at all hazy about whom I just did and did not know, I used to laugh at the tales about the serpent of the jungle and how he captures little birds and rabbits by holding them spellbound with the gaze of his glittering eye. But I am older now, and credulous, and I don't laugh any more. In fact, I am prepared to write a detailed account of the feelings of one of those rabbits

F YOU make a popular success of your

certain idealistic souls that you are spiritually

corrupt. To be entirely satisfactory to these

with which he will not play is the inspiration

that sends him ahead. In the heat of a con-

test the politician and the statesman are both

100 per cent involved. The difference is that

the politician feels free to sacrifice the intangi-

ble goods for the sake of securing the tangible,

while the statesman, equally intent on securing

the tangible, takes defeat rather than arrive

without his chance to give large inspiration

scope. That inspiration cannot be entertained

without reference to the public mood, be it

"heroic mood" or what not. But where expert

solicitation is the chi.f aim of the politician,

with himself and his own fortunes in mind,

the statesman is led to solicitation because he

has comething else at heart.

profession, as Mr. David Belasco has

done in the theatre, it almost proves to

as the serpent hypnotizes him. The eye of a nodding acquaintance has the same awful power over me.

"Huntensres naigs," observed the guard, slamming the doors. If only I could avoid that man's eye until we reached Ninety-sixth Street! The car would fill then; there would be no vacant seat left beside either of us, and I should be saved.

I went back to my paper. I read the shipping news and the tide tables; I read the court calendars; I read naval orders and the movements of warships; I read advertisements bearing glad tidings of certain miraculous pargains to be had in foulards and genuine cotton blankets, and other advertisements pointing out the inestimable eupeptic properties of Swallowtail tobacco; I read some war dispatches almost through. I even read a few want ads, remarking without surprise that several firms were still anxious to employ first-class bushelmen. What a bushelman is I don't know -the name always had a vague Australian sound to me. Whatever he is, he is a much-sought citizen. If ever I am compelled to drop newspaper work and earn my own living, I shall take a course of lessons and become a bushelman. There seems to be a perpetual and never satisfied demand for good ones.

But my reading was not a success. I could not keep my wandering attention fixed. Ever, in the back of my mind, an unanswered question gnawed and gnawed: Who was that fellow across the aisle? I ventured another glance. Yes, somewhere I had met the owner of that face. I ran rapidly through my list of acquaintances. No clew. Had I, perchance-

One Hundred and Third Street! If I could only keep from looking at him for two minutes more! There was no use in trying the paper again; I already knew whole pages of it by heart. Perhaps the car cards might help. I would probably be violating no one's privacy if I read them.

I glanced idly over his head, humming a tune the while. WHY NOT BUY ONE OF OUR \$1,500 GUARANTEED NON-REFILLABLE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS? pleaded the card. Too easy. I knew the answer to that one right away. I tried another. HAVE YOU A LITTLE BANSHEE IN YOUR HOME? was the first line. Really, I thought, this is too much. Do these people think I have nothing better to do than sit around filling in questionnaires? One might think that-

Lost! In a moment of abstraction I had let my gaze fall until it rested full upon the face of my man of mystery. And as I sat, frozen with terror, I saw him grow conscious of being looked at, saw him glance up, saw his eye light with growing recognition. He smiled and nodded. One of us, at least, was glad to see the other.

"Nice ixtree!" yelled the guard. But it was too late. The unknown had crossed the aisle and was sitting down at my side.

"How's the boy?" he said.

I grasped his hand and shook it warmly. "Fine, thanks!"

"How's everything?"

"Fine, thanks!" It struck me that there was a growing monotony about my conversation. Besides, he was asking all the questions, thereby putting the burden of saying bright things entirely up to me. This was obviously unfair, and must be stopped. I leaped into the dialogical breach.

"How are you?" I said modestly. "Fine, thanks!"

Aha! I had him on the run. Greatly

encouraged, I got off another good one. "That's good," I said.

Then I had another inspiration. "How're they coming?"

"Oh, pretty good. I can't complain. How you getting along?"

Confound the fellow! Why did he keep asking these personal questions? However, I was his match. I thought carefully, and then replied:

"Oh, pretty good. I can't complain, either." Another bright line came to me. "They might be better and they might be worse.'

The guard came to the rescue. "Gransenl!" was his contribution. This, coupled with my last observation, seemed to nonplus my companion, for he was silent until the train had pulled out of the station. Then he turned, and again addressed me.

"Still with the same people?" I pondered. "Yes," I said, finally.

"Yes. I suppose you are." He seemed surprised. "Oh, no. Been

in for myself four years now." Well, I hadn't made much of a success of that. I tried again.

"You don't say! Well, that certainly is fine! I hadn't heard about it. What line you in?"

He appeared even more surprised, and a little resentful.

"Why, the same line I was always in. I just quit the job and went in for myself, that's all."

"Oh." There was a long silence, broken only by the whir of the ventilating fans, the yells of a fretful infant and the roar of the train. He was apparently lost in thought, while I was once more desperately trying to figure out who under the sun he might be and where I could have met him. I turned to have another look at him, and caught him in the act of turning to have another good look at me. My heart leaped. Perhaps he, too, was as much in the dark as I was. Why not make a clean breast of things

and begin life anew?

"Look here, old man, I've met you somewhere, I know, but I haven't the slightest idea where, and I don't know who you are, and you don't know where you met me, either, nor who I am. Obviously, we have nothing in common. Our conversation shows that. I'm sure nothing I could say would be of the slightest interest to you, and I must say your affairs mean less than nothing to me. Why not acknowledge the fact like men? Let's stop boring each other, and sit on opposite sides of the car and be at peace.'

I fancied myself saying this. But I didn't speak. I lacked the courage. Instead, I tapped my folded newspaper lightly and carelessly hummed a merry little tune, to show how completely at ease I was. Also, I glanced casually about the car and read a couple more of the interrogatory car cards.

Again the guard broke in upon our chat. "Fawtnstree!" he announced. My companion waited until we were well under way again and conversation was correspondingly difficult. Then he

There's No Use in Read-

ing Your Paper or in

Pretending to Study the

Car Cards; Sooner or

Later the Bore Will

Catch Your Eye.

"Seen the old man lately?" he howled. Now who the deuce was the old man, and why should I have seen him lately? Why couldn't the fool have left matters as they were, instead of dragging in some septuagenarian whom I never heard of? However, something in the way of a reply was obviously expected of me. So I rallied gamely. "No."

"He was asking about you only last week. Asked me if I'd seen you lately, and I said I hadn't."

This was serious. Evidently the old man had been flattening his nose on the window pane for weeks, waiting for me to heave in sight, and here I not only hadn't hove, but didn't even know who he was. I was ashamed-I admit it frankly-and resolved to make what reparation I could. So I explained. "No, I haven't seen him."

"Why don't you drop in and see the old man some day? He often asks about you, and was asking only the other day

if I'd seen you lately." "I certainly will."

And, indeed, I would have been glad to-I even resolved to drop in and see him that very day. But it did seem silly, now that the conversation had gone so far, to say, "By the way, who is the old man?" So I didn't, and for all I know the old man is waiting yet.

"Brooklyn Bridge!" shouted the guard clearly, thereby breaking the world's record for calling out the running broad station.

I arose. "Well, here's where I he it," I remarked jocosely.

We shook hands. "Mighty glad to have seen you.

"Thanks. Mighty glad to have seen

"Hope I'll see you again some time" "Yes. If you're ever down 'round me

way, drop in." "Thanks. I'll do that little thing." "Say," he added, as I turned to ge "let's get together some day for lunch"

"All right, let's do that." "Fine! Let me know ahead and I" get hold of the old man. Gimme a ring some day, will you?"

"I'll do that." Ah, now I would find him out! I would get his telphone number, call up Information and ask her who he was. I spoke craftle "I'll call you this week. Where'll

get you?" "Oh, just gimme a ring. I'm in the book, you know."

And so we parted. I've often though of him since, though. I want to go ou to lunch with him, not so much for the sake of his conversation-I know by forehand about what that will be-a to see the old man. Several times thought I had him identified, but is name evades me. If you'd say it to me I'd know it the minute I heard it. You

Still, he's in the book. I have that much to go by. And so I have started looking for him there. I've been at it two weeks now, and I'm nearly through the C's. Some day I shall find him.

star I have been obliged either to rewrite

know how it is.

## BELASCO THE WINDOW-TRIMMER

By Courtesy of "The New Republic."

tender consciences you must be a little beyond the pale. There is a distinction for them be-It is the quality of Mr. Belasco's inspiration tween principle and expediency, and expedias to the theatre that is important. Is he a ency, as they see it, is probably unprincipled. politician in theatrical management or a They base their suspicion of you on the ground statesman? What has he at heart? His that you have made terms with the world as it article on himself in "The Saturday Evening is. You are a "practical man." Post" for September 2 settles all possible There is a sound distinction, obviously, bedoubts. It is a vision of a soul in its nakedtween a statesman and a politician, one that ness, an unsuspecting, self-satisfied, exceedgoes far beyond the region of governmental ingly vain, exceedingly empty soul. No maaffairs and that applies to any man who has chine politician ever revealed a more expert a public to engage or consult. This distinc-

consideration of the "inscrutable and arbitrary public." No machine politician ever exhibited a spirit more subservient to "changing whim and taste." If the art of the theatre were the art of window trimming Mr. Belasco would be supreme in his interpretation. He has trimmed his pictures and his stories with superlative regard for public mood. But where that mood has failed the first inspiration of a Belasco author, or Mr. Belasco himself as

author, or his actresses or actors, there has been "revision, blue pencilling or transposition," the utter shamelessness of which only a sincere artist can possibly guess.

"I have always endeavored to be first in the field with plays that are out of the stage's conventional groove and that at the same time appeal to the public's constantly changing taste." In saying this Mr. Belasco raises suspicions as to his own attitude which he

promptly hastens to confirm. What he wants in the theatre is one thing-to appeal to the hearts of his audiences. "People go to the play to have their emotions stirred." It sounds like an innocent generalization, but it is the first commandment in the decalogue of a the-

For it is as a boss Mr. Belasco describes himself. "If I have happened to find a play reasonably suited to the needs of a certain

A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH

tion does not turn, however, on a man's practical aspiration to public favor. About statesmanship there is a general misconception de-WAY with Mr. Delsarte's comrived in all likelihood from memorial sculpture and not in the least made real because it implicated rules for registering poses itself on living occupants of the frock emotion! No fifty-seven vacoat. The memorialized statesman is a sedate, rieties of contortion are needed to exremote, detached, immobile figure. The contemporary statesman, as every one admits, press even the most delicate shades of must be in the thick of human affairs. His feeling. Those masters of the drama, consideration of details like the Grand Army the motion picture producers, have disveteran and the buttermilk vote may not be inscribed on his monument in the park, but it covered that any internal disturbance is invariably precise knowledge and pertinent. can be manifested outwardly by heaving To expect a statesman to be like his monuthe bosom. This, I believe, explains the ment, imprisoned on his own elevatedness, is exceptionally large number of soft, fat sheer nonsense. No arrant politician pays keener regard to human ways and means. actors who work before the camera; Where he differs from the politician is in the plump persons can put so much more quality of his political or social or educapunch into their heaves. tional or artistic inspiration. He will "play politics," in the sense that he will look out for popular preferences and prejudices. The thing

To illustrate the all-round ability of the bosom the operator will unwind a few thousand feet of-oh, let's call it "The Banker's Daughter." First, we have father. He has been speculating with the bank's money and has been fleeced, as he jolly well deserved to be. The day of reckoning is dawning and he hasn't a spare jitney. The forecast is storms, and father feels rotten. (Close up, showing father heaving his bosom.) That's how rotten he feels!

Scheming in his web is the human spider who will offer to save father from the hoose-gow, demanding nothing in re-

## the Movie Bosom Heaving

By PARKHURST WHITNEY

turn but a mortgage on his home and his daughter's hand in marriage. The fellow is rich; you can tell that by the arteraft furnishing in his luxurious rooms. And he's mean enough to foreclose on his own mother. You don't believe me? Then look! (Close up showing villain heaving his bosom.) That's how mean he is.

See father's only daughter, Clara, playing with her pet dog, Chow Chow. Aren't they having the dearest time? Soon Clara must dress for dinner and the social whirl, but she'd much rather stay at home. Clara cares most for the real, intellectual things of life. If she were not forced to look in at the something-or-other's dinner dance this evening she would do something really worth while, perhaps teach Chow Chow a new trick. But she must go, though society is sure a bore. (Operator, give us a hundred feet of Clara heaving a bored

This is Julius, the hero. Yes, I am

sure he is the hero, because he is so nice and plump and because he wears his sport shirt decollete and his hair plastered back from his forehead. He has just returned from his rough work in the foundry; for Julius, as you can tell at a glance, is one of the world's workers, a strong, masterful, masculine man. Of course, his first act as he enters his humble room is to seize Clara's picture on his humble dresser.

Now, if you would know what the grand passion really is, watch Julius in the close up. There! Isn't he grand? No, he isn't going to moo, though I'm not surprised that you ask. But see his bosom heave. Some love, what?

And so it goes through thousands of feet of film. Father heaves a sad bosom when the human spider puts the screws on and buys Clara for \$50,000 and a first mortgage on the home. The villain heaves a gloating bosom when he puts the dastardly deal across. Clara heaves a fainting bosom when the terrible news

is broken to her, and Julius, heaving dazed bosoms, nearly busts the last and only buttoned button on his shirt.

Clara heaves a scornful bosom when she repulses the amorous advances of the black-hearted snake who has bought her hand, but not her heart. Father heaves a broken hearted bosom when he sees the evil he has brought upon his hitherto happy home. The villain heaves a sneering bosom when he and Julius meet, and Julius, his proud spirit uncrushed, heaves back a hating bosoni. The comedy Irish cook does her bit, and so does the comedy English butler, and I'm only surprised that little Chow Chow isn't roped in for a performance with his abdominal muscles.

There's a perfect orgy of heaving at the climax, when the villain dashes over a cliff in his automobile on the very day of the wedding. This scene begins with the scoundrel's dying heave, which lifts the upturned automobile three feet, and concludes with a fadeaway of Clara and Julius, their two bosoms heaving as one.

I warn persons susceptible to sea sickness to stay away from the movies; the English Channel is a millpond compared to the heaving films.

or have it rewritten by the author." "Ewe detail of a play which I intend to produce analyze and debate pro and con with the thor." Consider an Ibsen under these circus stances, dealing with a manager whose ide of realism is this: "To get the right feel; for 'The Man Inside' I engaged Chuck Conor, a Bowery denizen, now dead, to take on a slumming tour among Chinese on joints, and I even went down near the Tail prison at 2 a. m. to listen to the sounds in the vicinity, such as the bells striking the born Both as playwright and producer I am an alist, but I do not believe in harrowing ences unnecessarily." It is with his words lighting, however, that Mr. Belasco best ! veals his idea of the theatre. "It is much easier to appeal to audiences through the senses than through their intellects." "Light are to drama what music is to the lyrics of song. No other factor which enters into the production of a play is so effective in conve ing its moods and feeling. They are as esse tial to every work of dramatic art as blood to life. The greatest part of my success : the theatre I attribute to my feeling for a ors, translated into effects of light. Sometime these effects have been imitated by other pri ducers with considerable success, but I de p fear such encroachments. It may be possifor others to copy my colors, but no one get my feeling for them." The same feels extends to costumes, though " try not to tate too much in the matter of dresses for

These passages illustrate Mr. Belasco's tude toward the public. It is essentially attitude of the faker, the patent medicine So far as the theatre inside is concerned y Belasco has had success, but most of the he has failed where the cheaper politician fall He has been content with plausible lies.

"During the performance I never sit in audience, but stand in the entrances to stage-watching, directing, trying to que nervousness and to inspire confidence. Is stantly tell my people of reports that I be heard from the front of the theatre, the really I have heard nothing, for I cut my off completely from the first-night audient

It is a symbol of Mr. Belasco's relation the public as a producer of plays. He his public of reports that he has heard of beauty and wonder and tragedy of life, thous really he has heard nothing.